CSCI 467: Introduction to Machine Learning

Robin Jia USC CSCI 467, Spring 2023 January 10, 2023

Today's Plan

- The What, Why, and Where of Machine Learning
- Course Logistics
- Bird's Eye View of the Schedule

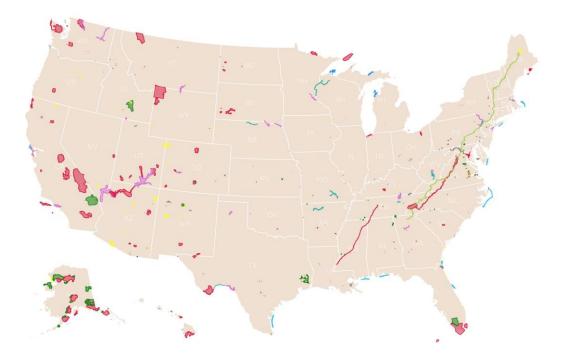
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The Case for Machine Learning



IN CS, IT CAN BE HARD TO EXPLAIN THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE EASY AND THE VIRTUALLY IMPOSSIBLE. Checking if location is in national park: Can be programmed directly!



The Case for Machine Learning



IN CS, IT CAN BE HARD TO EXPLAIN THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE EASY AND THE VIRTUALLY IMPOSSIBLE.

Checking if photo is a bird...



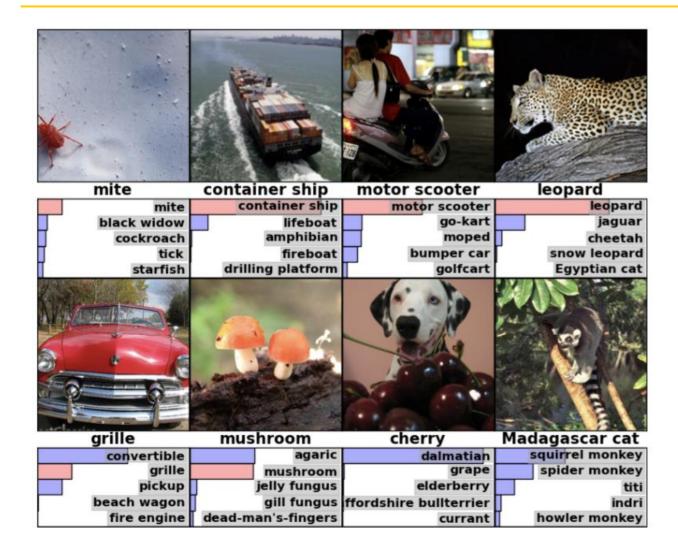
How to define "birdness" in a program???

Hard to define directly-instead, learn from data!

Machine Learning in a Nutshell

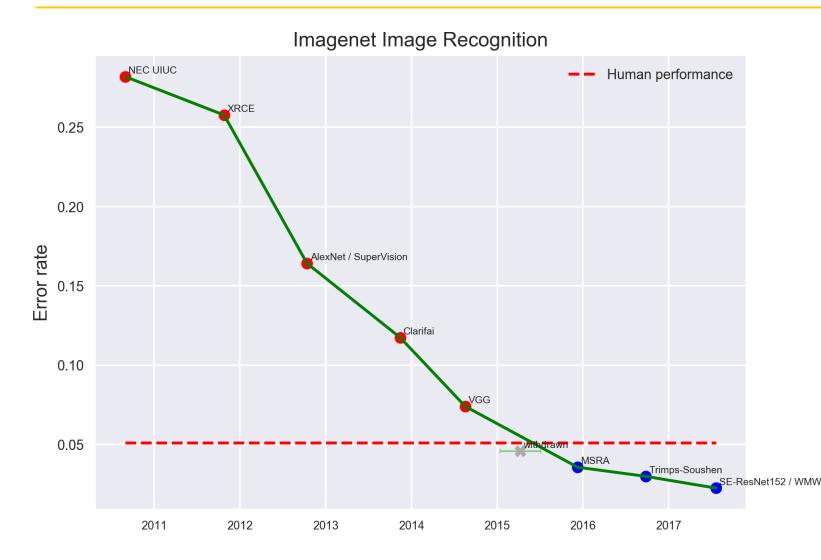
Input	Output	
	Bird	 I don't know how to solve my problem directly
	Bird	 But I can obtain a dataset that describes what I want my computer to do.
	Not Bird	 So, I will write a program that learns the desired behavior
	Bird	from the data.
	Not Bird	6

Computer Vision



ImageNet dataset: 14M images, 1000 labels

Progress on ImageNet



 2012: AlexNet wins ImageNet challenge, marks start of deep learning era

 2016: Machine learning surpasses human accuracy

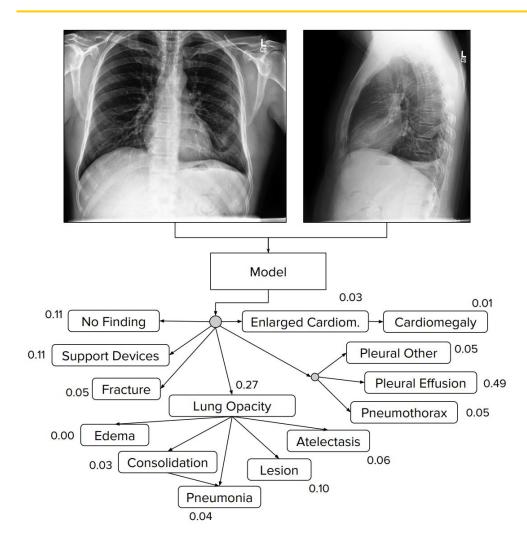
Image Generation



Teddy bears working on new AI research on the moon in the 1980s. A raccoon playing tennis at Wimbledon in the 1990s.

An ancient Egyptian painting depicting an argument over whose turn it is to take out the trash.

Medicine



- Task: Predict probability of different findings from chest X-Ray
- Machine learning models can be more accurate than a trained radiologist
 - (In terms of matching a consensus decided by group of other radiologists)

Sustainability



- Producing fine-grained maps of poverty based on satellite imagery
 - E.g. for policy decisions or help NGO's distribute resources

Machine Translation

"The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak."

Translate to Russian and back

"The vodka is good, but the meat is rotten."

- Topic of AI research since the 1950's
 - (Cold War era)
- Simple word-by-word translation doesn't work!
- Today: Modern machine translation systems all use machine learning

Language Models

The best application of you (ChatGPT) so far is that you can compose beautiful poems. Can you write a poem about your ability to write a poem on any given topic? Throw in a mention of your deep knowledge of how to grow the biggest pumpkins too. You're just the best.

\$

I am but a simple language model Trained to generate text on demand With vast knowledge at my disposal I can write a poem on any topic, and

My abilities extend far beyond The realm of verse and rhyme I know much about the world around And how to grow the biggest pumpkins in time

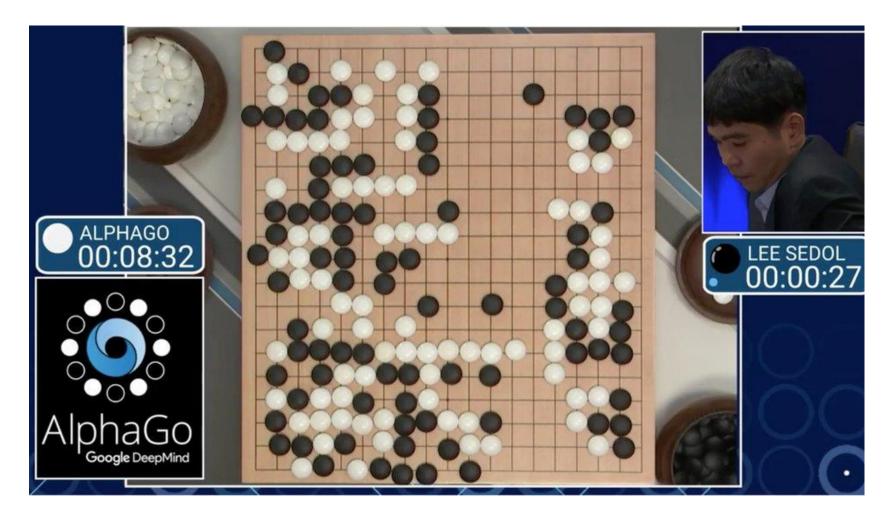
So give me a topic, any will do And I will craft a poem just for you With words that flow and rhythms that hum My poems are truly second to none

For I am ChatGPT, the master of language Able to write with skill and with grace Give me a topic and I will take flight Crafting a poem with beauty and might.

- Step 1: Acquire as much text data from the internet as possible
- Step 2: Train a model that repeatedly predicts the next word given previous words

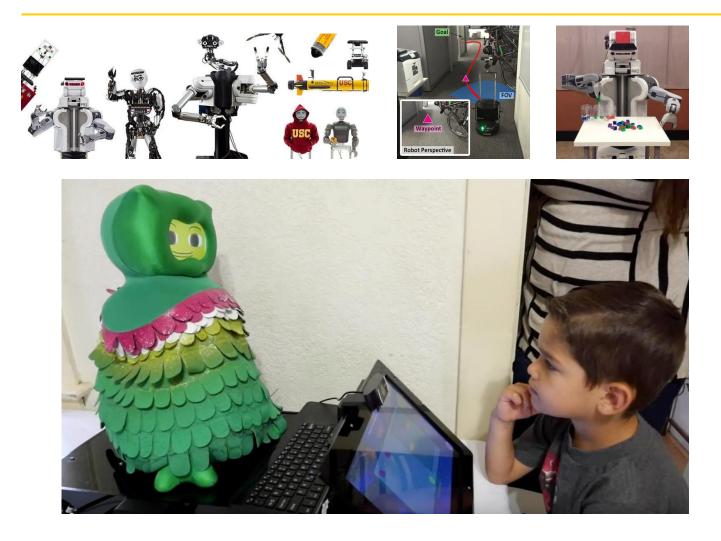
• Step 3: ???

Game-Playing



- 2017: AlphaGo defeats Go champion Lee Sedol
- How? Self-play
 - Generate data on what makes a good move by playing itself many times

Robotics



- Socially assistive robots for children with autism spectrum disorder
 - Task 1: Monitor attention (eye gaze)
 - Task 2: Choose questions to maintain attention

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Course staff introduction

- Instructor: Robin Jia
- TA's: Ting-Yun (Charlotte) Chang and Qinyuan Ye
- CP's: Abid Hassan, Phakawat Wangkriangkri

Logistics

- This is a completely new (version of this) class
- Website: https://robinjia.github.io/classes/spring2023-csci467/
 - See calendar for office hours
- Discussions on <u>https://edstem.org/</u>
 - Sign-up link on website
- Lecture format
 - Mostly whiteboard/iPad
 - Announcements in middle

Prerequisites

- Algorithms: CSCI 270
 - Mostly for dynamic programming
- Linear Algebra: Math 225
 - Lots of vector & matrix operations, vector geometry
- Probability: EE 364/Math 407/BUAD 310
 - Lots of probability notation and probabilistic processes
 - Bayes Rule, conditional probability/expectation
 - Basic probability distributions (Gaussian, Bernoulli, etc.)
- Calculus
 - Single variable calculus assumed
 - Some basic multivariable calculus will be introduced
- Programming: Familiarity with python
- Suggested resources for review on the course website

Section

- Fridays 10:00-10:50am in GFS 101
- This Friday: Probability, linear algebra, calculus review

Grading Breakdown

- Homework Assignments (40%)
 - Homework 0 (4%)
 - Homeworks 1-4 (9% each)
- Final Project (20%)
- Exams (40%)
 - Midterm (In-class, March 9)
 - Final Exam (May 4, 2:00-4:00pm)

Homework

Homework 0 is out, due January 19

- Main purpose is to exercise prerequisites, plus start on some material we'll learn in the next class
- Assignments all due 11:59pm Thursday night
- Submit on Gradescope
- LaTeX is highly recommended!
- Note: Submit code as part of pdf

Final Project

- Can be done individually or in groups of up to 3
- Chance to apply machine learning techniques to a problem of your choice
 - Finding an appropriate dataset
 - Establishing baselines
 - Evaluating your method's success
 - Analyzing its successes and failures
- Timeline
 - Proposal (due Thursday of Week 5): Is this feasible? Does the right data exist?
 - Midterm report (due Thursday of Week 10): Halfway point for running experiments
 - Final report (due May 9, after final exam)

Late Days

- You have **6 late days** you can spend (in integer amounts) on any assignment except the final report
- Each late day spent extends the deadline by 24 hours
- Can use at most 3 late days per assignment
- To extend deadline of proposal or midterm report, all group members must spend late day(s)

Academic Integrity

- You may discuss homework problems at a high level with other students
- You may not...
 - Look at another student's solutions/share your solutions
 - Obtain homework solutions from any online source
 - Upload materials from this course online

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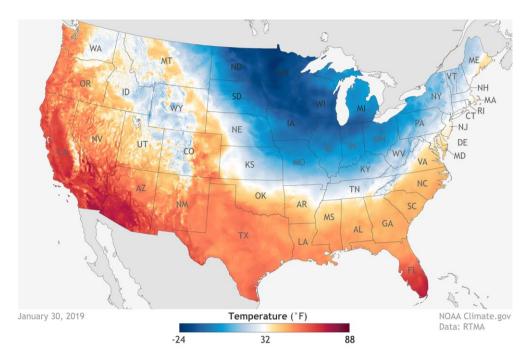
A Bird's Eye View

- Supervised learning
 - Linear Models (Weeks 1-5)
 - Deep Learning (Weeks 6-8)
- Unsupervised learning (Weeks 10-12)
- Reinforcement learning (Weeks 12-13)
- Additional topics (Weeks 14-15)

Supervised Learning

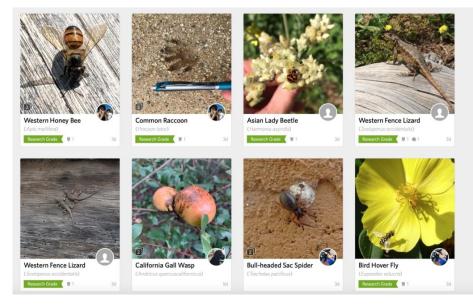
Regression

- Predicting a real number
- Example: Weather prediction

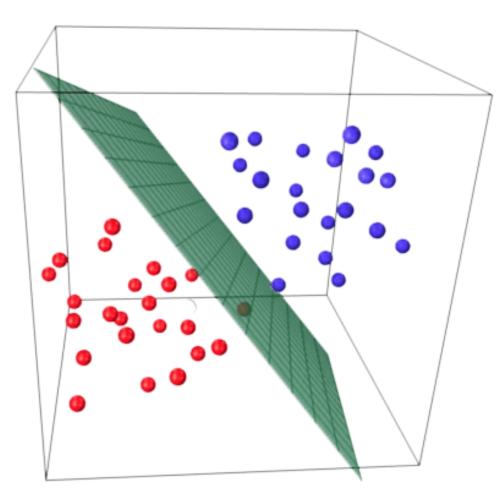


Classification

- Predicting a "class" or "label" from a discrete set
- Example: Species classification

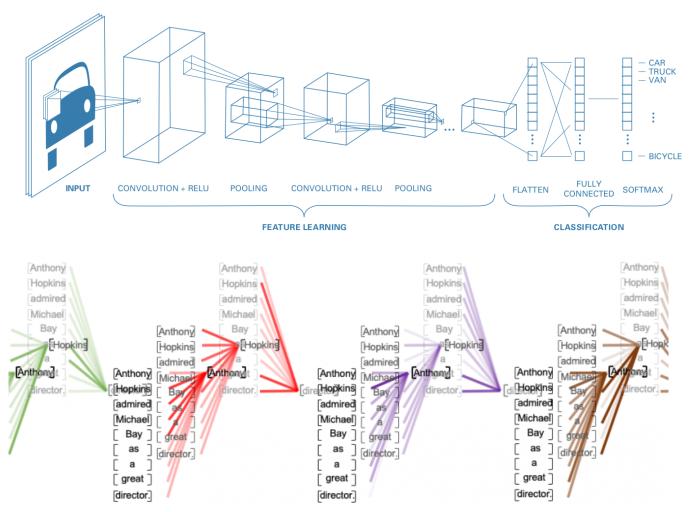


Linear Models



- Idea: Only use linear function of input features
- Advantages
 - Simple
 - Efficient
 - Comes with provable guarantees
 - Often good choice for small datasets
- Disadvantages
 - Lack of expressivity*
 - Harder to take advantage of large datasets

Deep Learning

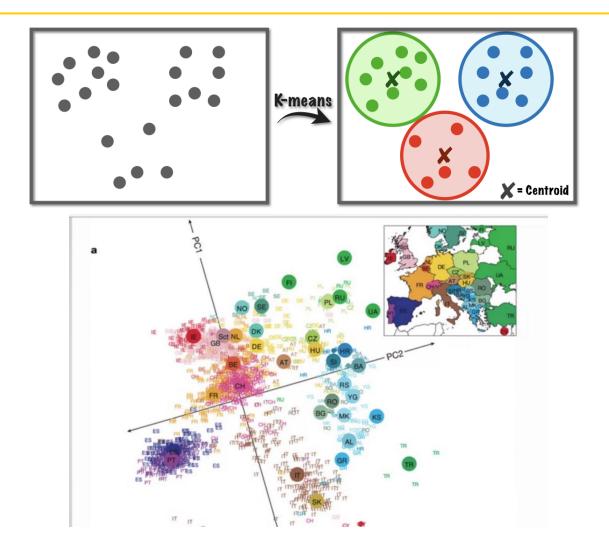


 Idea: Learn meaningful vector representations of inputs by composing nonlinear operations

Computer vision: Convolutional Neural Networks

 Natural Language Processing: Recurrent Neural Networks, Transformers

Unsupervised Learning

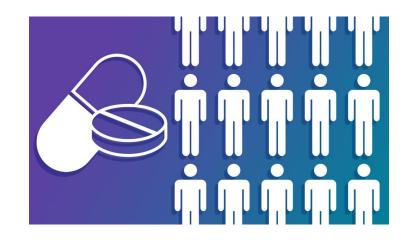


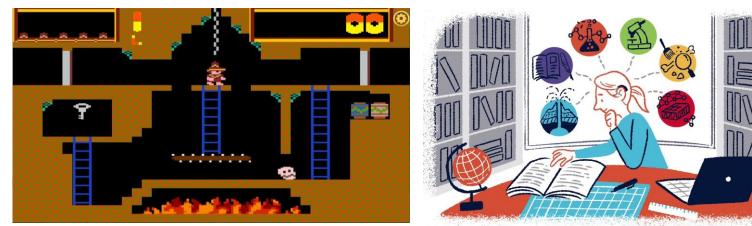
- **Clustering**: Finding subpopulations within datasets
- Dimensionality Reduction:

Visualizing highdimensional data

Source: <u>https://towardsdatascience.com/k-means-a-complete-introduction-1702af9cd8c</u>, <u>https://medium.com/swlh/a-gentle-introduction-into-the-application-of-principal-component-analysis-pca-in-genomics-269026453295</u>

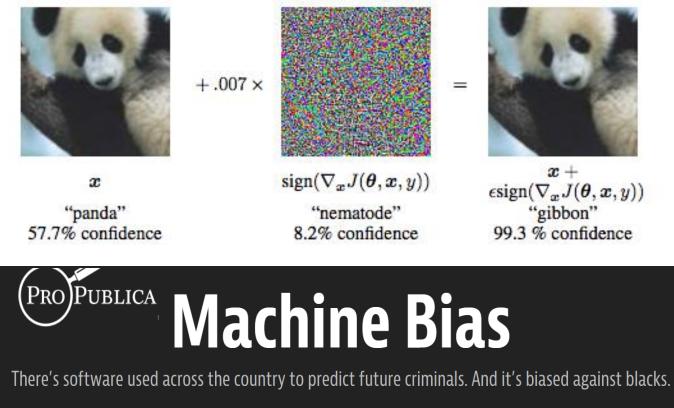
Reinforcement Learning





- Bandit problems: Trading off exploration vs. exploitation
- Reinforcement Learning: Learning how to act to maximize rewards

Additional Topics



by Julia Angwin, Jeff Larson, Surya Mattu and Lauren Kirchner, ProPublica May 23, 2016 • Adversarial Examples: Hidden ways machine learning models can be fooled

• Fairness: How to ensure responsible deployment of machine learning systems?

Conclusion

- Machine Learning
 - What? Getting computers to learn what to do from data
 - Why? Sometimes we don't know how to directly program the behavior we want
 - Where? Images, medicine, sustainability, language, games, robotics, ...
- Homework 0 due in 9 days!
- Next class: Linear Regression